DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY



OFFICE OF ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF FOR INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT U.S. ARMY FORT MONMOUTH P.O. 148 OCEANPORT, NEW JERSEY 07757

August 15, 2016

Ms. Linda Range
Case Manager
New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection
Bureau of Southern Field Operations
401 East State Street, 5th Floor
PO Box 407
Trenton, NJ 08625

Re: Site Investigation Addendum Letter Report for Parcel 69-Building 900, Fort

Monmouth, NJ PI G000000032

Figure:

Figure 1 – Layout of Parcel 69 and Sample Locations

Tables:

Table 1 – Soil Sampling Results – Comparison to NJDEP Soil Remediation Standards
Table 2 – Groundwater Sampling Results – Comparison to NJDEP Ground Water Quality
Standards

Attachments:

- A. Previous Parcel 69 Correspondence
- B. Soil Boring and Monitoring Well Logs
- C. PAR-69-GW-MW01 Monitoring Well forms
- D. Low Flow Purge and Sampling Records

Dear Ms. Range:

The U.S. Army Fort Monmouth (FTMM) has prepared this Site Investigation (SI) Addendum Letter Report for the data recently collected at Building 900 located at non-Installation Restoration Program (non-IRP) Parcel 69.

1.0 OBJECTIVES

The objective of the Supplemental ECP Phase II SI field work at Parcel 69, as described in the Environmental Condition of Property (ECP) Phase II SI Work Plan (WP), was to evaluate potential extractable petroleum hydrocarbon (EPH) contamination in soil in response to NJDEP requests. The NJDEP requested FTMM to evaluate the potential releases from a former waste oil above ground storage tank (AST). In addition, the ECP Phase II SI field work evaluated groundwater to determine if PCE concentrations exceed the GWQS, as indicated by low concentrations of PCE detected in a grab groundwater sample (P69-GW-1) in 2007 and temporary well (P69-TMP-1) in 2010. The ECP Phase II SI WP was accepted by the NJDEP without further comment for Parcel 69 in a letter dated December 30, 2015, provided in **Attachment A**.

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Site Investigation Addendum Letter Report for Parcel 69-Building 900 August 15, 2016 Page 2 of 3

2.0 SOIL RESULTS

Surface soil (0- to 6-inch interval) and subsurface soil (6-inch interval directly above the water table) samples were collected from four locations (PAR-69-SB-01, PAR-69-SB-02, PAR-69-SB-03, and PAR-69-SB-04) in the suspected vicinity of the former 500-gallon above ground waste oil tank, as shown on **Figure 1**. Soil boring logs are provided in **Attachment B**. All of the soil samples were analyzed for EPH (fractionated) at ALS Environmental (ALS) in Middletown, PA. EPH was detected in all nine samples (including one duplicate sample), however, all EPH samples were below the health based criteria of 1,700 mg/kg provided in the Protocol for Addressing Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons, (Version 5.0, August 9, 2010). Also, 25% of the samples where EPH was detected (two samples) were also analyzed for PCBs as indicated in NJDEP's May 19, 2015 comment on Parcel 69 and in FTMMs response to that comment dated November 19, 2015 (provided in **Attachment A**). The surface samples at PAR-69-SS-01 and PAR-69-SS-02 (which had the highest EPH detections at 31.3 and 39.3 mg/kg, respectively) were analyzed for PCBs. No PCBs were detected. The sampling results are provided in **Table 1**. Based on these sampling results, the contingent sampling (i.e., additional sampling locations) discussed in the work plan was not required.

3.0 GROUNDWATER RESULTS

One permanent monitoring well (PAR-69-GW-MW01) was installed and developed at the location of the former temporary wells P69-GW-1 and P69-TMP-1 (east of Building 900) (Figure 1). The well was installed to 18 feet below ground surface (bgs), and constructed with a two-inch diameter, 10-foot-long screen placed in the uppermost 10 feet of the saturated zone as planned in the work plan, and shown on the monitoring well log provided in Attachment B, and the forms provided in Attachment C. The monitoring well was developed using surge and purge methods in accordance with the procedure outlined in the NJDEP Field Sampling Procedures Manual ([FSPM]; NJDEP, 2005) on April 24, 2016. The well was sampled on May 24, 2016 by Low Flow Purge and Sampling (LFPS) for Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) plus tentatively identified compounds (TICs): two profile samples (at 10.5 and 15.5 feet) were collected as this new well contained 10 feet or more of saturated well screen. The samples were collected only after the monitored parameters had achieved stabilization in accordance with the NJDEP FSPM (NJDEP, 2005). LFPS records are provided in Attachment D. The only compound detected was methyl chloride, at low estimated concentrations (0.36 JB to 0.38 JB µg/l, respectively, which are less than the NJDEP groundwater quality standard). The compound was also detected in the laboratory blank, which indicates it is likely not representative of groundwater conditions at the Site. Groundwater sampling results are summarized in Table 2.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

The data gaps that had remained in the SI have now been fully investigated in accordance with the ECP Phase II SI WP that was approved by NJDEP. Based on the results of the soil and groundwater sampling at the former waste oil tank AST, no further investigation is recommended.

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Site Investigation Addendum Letter Report for Parcel 69-Building 900 August 15, 2016 Page 3 of 3

In summary, the Army requests a No Further Action (NFA) designation for Parcel 69. The technical Point of Contact (POC) for this matter is Cris Grill. Ms. Grill can be reached at (617) 449-1583 or by email at cris.grill@parsons.com. Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me by phone at (732) 380-7064 or by email at william.r.colvin18.civ@mail.mil.

Sincerely,

William R. Colvin

BRAC Environmental Coordinator

cc: Delight Balducci, HQDA ACSIM

Joseph Pearson, Calibre James Moore, USACE Cris Grill, Parsons



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Site Remediation Program

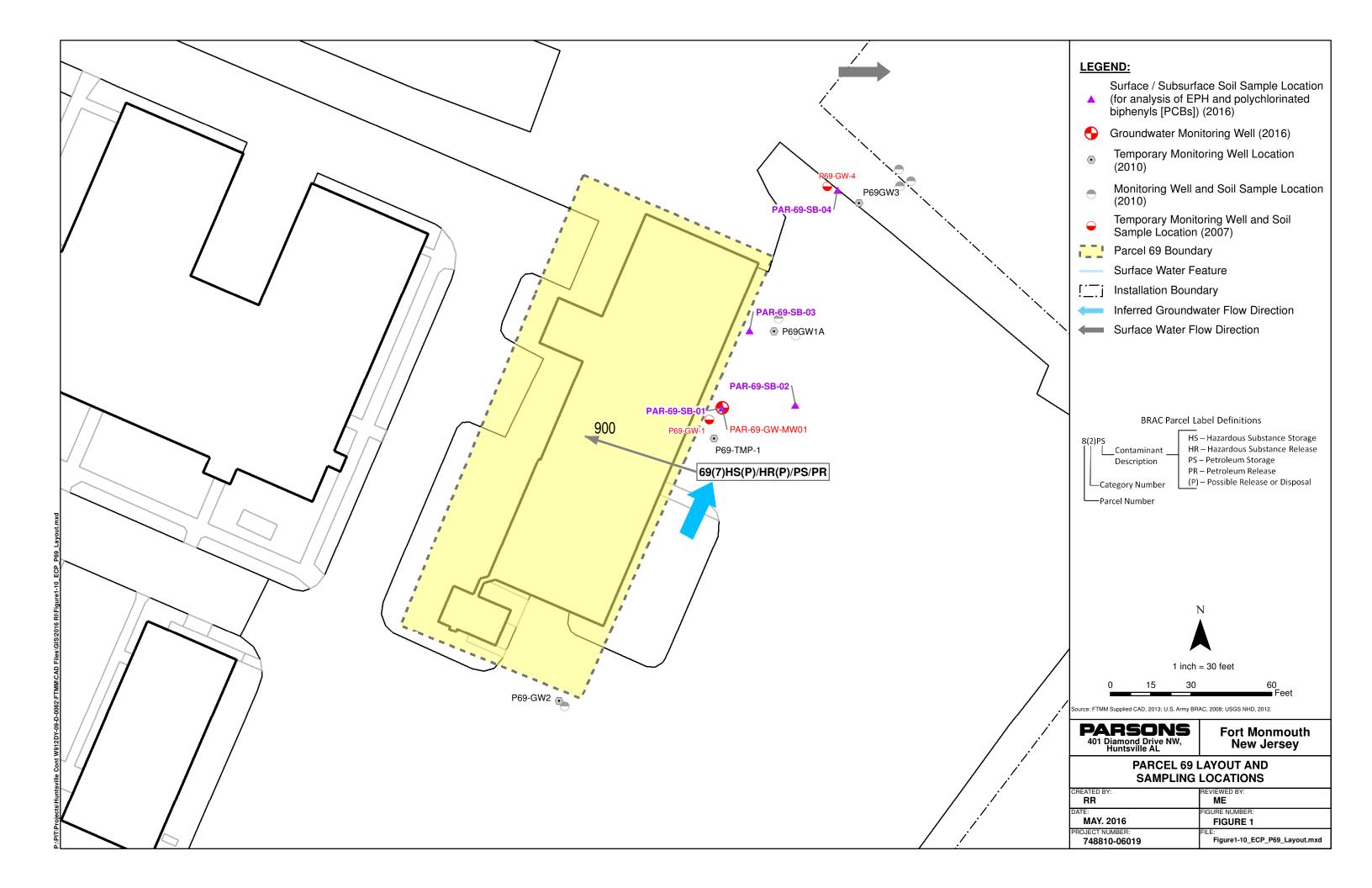
Report Certifications for RCRA GPRA 2020, CERCLA, and Federal Facility Sites

These certifications are to be used for reports submitted for RCRA GPRA 2020, CERCLA, and Federal Facility Sites. The Department has developed guidance for report certifications for RCRA GPRA 2020, CERCLA, and Federal Facility Sites under traditional oversight. The "Person Responsible for Conducting the Remediation Information and Certification" is required to be submitted with each report. For those sites that are required or opt to use a Licensed Site Remediation Professional (LSRP) the report must also be certified by the LSRP using the "Licensed Site Remediation Professional Information and Statement". For additional guidance regarding the requirement for LSRPs at RCRA GPRA 2020, CERCLA and Federal Facility Sites see http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/srra/training/matrix/guick_ref/rcra_cercla_fed_facility_sites.pdf.

Document: "Site Investigation Addendum Letter Report for Parcel 69-Building 900"

| PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR CONDUCTING THE R | EMEDIAT | ION INFORMATION A | AND CERTIFICATION | | | | | | |
|--|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| T ENGOTINE ON OTHER PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O | | 1911 1111 91 | | | | | | | |
| Full Legal Name of the Person Responsible for Conduc | ting the R | emediation: William | R. Colvin | | | | | | |
| Representative First Name: William | e: Colvin | | | | | | | | |
| Title: BRAC Environmental Coordinator | | | | | | | | | |
| Phone Number: (732) 380-7064 | Ext: | | Fax: | | | | | | |
| Mailing Address: P.O. Box 148 | | | | | | | | | |
| City/Town: Oceanport | _ State: | NJ | Zip Code: 07757 | | | | | | |
| Email Address: william.r.colvin18.civ@mail.mil | | N | | | | | | | |
| This certification shall be signed by the person respons | | | | | | | | | |
| in accordance with Administrative Requirements for the | Remedia | tion of Contaminated S | ites rule at N.J.A.C. 7:26C-1.5(a). | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| I certify under penalty of law that I have personally exar | nined and | am familiar with the in | formation submitted herein, | | | | | | |
| including all attached documents, and that based on my | | | | | | | | | |
| the information, to the best of my knowledge, I believe t | hat the su | bmitted information is t | rue, accurate and complete. I am | | | | | | |
| aware that there are significant civil penalties for knowing | | | | | | | | | |
| am committing a crime of the fourth degree if I make a | written fals | se statement which I do | not believe to be true. I am also | | | | | | |
| aware that if I knowingly direct or authorize the violation | of any sta | atute, I am personally li | iable for the penalties. | | | | | | |
| Signature: Willes Coler | 582 | Date: 8/15/2016 | * | | | | | | |
| Name/Title: William R. Colvin / BRAC Environmental | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

FIGURE Figure 1 – Layout of Parcel 69 and Sample Locations



TABLES

Table 1 – Soil Sampling Results – Comparison to NJDEP Soil Remediation Standards

Table 2 – Groundwater Sampling Results – Comparison to NJDEP Ground Water Quality Standards

TABLE 1
SOIL SAMPLING RESULTS - COMPARISON TO NJDEP SOIL
REMEDIATION STANDARDS
PARCEL 69
FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

| Loc ID | NJ Residential Direct Contact | NJ Non- Residential | NJ Impact to GW Soil | PAR-69-SB-01 | | | PAR-69 | -SB-02 | PAR-69 | -SB-03 | PAR-69-SB-04 | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|
| Sample ID | SRS ¹ | Direct Contact | Screening | PAR-69-SB-01-0.5-1 | PAR-69-SB-101-0.5-1 | PAR-69-SB-01-7.5-8 | PAR-69-SB-02-0.5-1 | PAR-69-SB-02-6.5-7 | PAR-69-SB-03-0.5-1 | PAR-69-SB-03-5-5.5 | PAR-69-SB-04-0.5-1 | PAR-69-SB-04-6-6.5 | |
| Sample Type | SKS | SRS ¹ | Level ² | SA | DU | SA | |
| Sample Date | | | | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | 3/31/2016 | |
| Extractable/Volatile Petroleur | m Hydrocarbon | s (mg/kg) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| C10-C12 Aromatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 0.56 J | < 0.5 | 0.59 J | 0.56 J | < 0.51 | 0.63 J | 0.49 J | < 0.5 | < 0.48 | |
| C12-C16 Aliphatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | < 0.47 UJ | < 0.48 | < 0.51 | < 0.47 UJ | < 0.48 | < 0.48 UJ | < 0.47 | < 0.48 | < 0.46 | |
| C12-C16 Aromatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 0.48 J | 0.52 J | 0.46 J | 0.61 J | 0.58 J | 0.65 J | 0.43 J | 0.44 J | 0.4 J | |
| C16-C21 Aliphatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | < 0.46 UJ | < 0.47 | < 0.5 | < 0.46 UJ | < 0.47 | < 0.47 UJ | < 0.46 | < 0.46 | < 0.45 | |
| C16-C21 Aromatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 0.37 J | 0.48 J | 0.32 J | 1.2 | 0.31 J | 0.31 J | 0.28 J | 0.56 J | 0.29 J | |
| C21-C36 Aromatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 1.2 J | 11.2 J | 0.35 J | 18.4 | 0.38 J | 0.45 J | 0.33 J | 6 | 0.67 J | |
| C21-C40 Aliphatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 28.4 J | 36.9 | 0.79 J | 18.1 J | 1.3 | < 0.55 UJ | < 0.53 | 6.8 | 1.2 | |
| C9-C12 Aliphatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | < 0.13 UJ | 0.13 J | 0.25 J | < 0.13 UJ | 0.15 J | < 0.13 UJ | 0.14 J | 0.17 J | 0.16 J | |
| Total Aliphatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 28.8 J | 37.4 | < 1.7 | 18.5 J | < 1.6 | < 1.6 UJ | < 1.6 | 7.1 | < 1.6 | |
| Total Aromatics | NLE | NLE | NLE | 2.6 J | 12.6 J | 1.7 J | 20.8 | 1.7 J | 2 J | 1.5 J | 7.4 | 1.8 J | |
| Total EPH | 1,700 ³ | 1,700 ³ | NLE | 31.3 | 50 | 3.2 J | 39.3 | 3.4 J | 2.8 J | 2.3 | 14.5 | 3.3 J | |
| PCBs (µg/kg) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Aroclor-1016 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 20 | NA | NA | < 19 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1221 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 39 | NA | NA | < 38 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1232 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 20 | NA | NA | < 19 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1242 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 20 | NA | NA | < 19 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1248 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 20 | NA | NA | < 19 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1254 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 22 | NA | NA | < 21 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1260 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 20 | NA | NA | < 19 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Aroclor-1268 | 200 | 1,000 | NLE | < 21 | NA | NA | < 20 | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA | |
| Wet Chemistry - Solids | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Percent Solids (percent) | NLE | NLE | NLE | 90 | 89.8 | 84.3 | 89.8 | 88.9 | 89.5 | 91 | 89.3 | 93.1 | |

Footnote:

NLE = no limit established.

NA = not analyzed

Dectections are bolded

Cell Shade values represent a result that is above the NJ Residential or Non-Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard.

Cell Shade values represent a result that is above the NJ Impact to GW Soil Screening Level

Cell Shade values represent a result that is above both the NJ Residential, Non-Residential, AND NJ Impact to GW Soil Screening Level Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standard.

Chemical result qualifiers are assigned by the laboratory and are evaluated and modified (if necessary) during the data validation.

J = estimated detected value due to a concetration below the reporting limit or due to discrepancies in meeting certain analyte-specific quality control.

U = non-detect, i.e. not detected at or above this value.

¹ The NJ Residential and Non-Residential Direct Contact Soil Remediation Standards refer to the NJDEP's May 7, 2012 Remediation Standards, http://www.nj.gov/dep/rules/rules/njac7_26d.pdf

² The NJ Impact to GW Soil Screening Level criteria refers to the Development of Site Specific Impact to Ground Water Soil Remediation Standards - Nov 2013 revised, http://www.nj.gov/dep/srp/guidance/rs/partition_equation.pdf

 $^{^3}$ For EPH the Protocol for Addressing Extractable Petroleum Hydrocarbons , (Version 5.0, August 9, 2010) was used to determine the applicable standards. Based on the protocol, Parcel 69 EPH results are compared to Category 2 standards. The health based criteria of 1700 mg/kg was used to determine the need to run the NJDEP EPH calculator. No samples exceeded this standard, therefore 1700 mg/kg is listed as the RDCSRS and NRDCSRS.

TABLE 2 GROUNDWATER SAMPLING RESULTS - COMPARISON TO NJDEP GROUND WATER QUALITY STANDARD PARCEL 69 FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

| Loc ID | NI Cround Woton | P69MW01 | | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Sample ID | NJ Ground Water Quality Criteria | PAR-69-GW-MW-01-10.5 | PAR-69-GW-MW-01-15.5 | | | | | |
| Sample Date | | 5/24/2016 | 5/24/2016 | | | | | |
| Filtered | | Total | Total | | | | | |
| Volatile Organic Compounds (µg/l) | | | | | | | | |
| 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,1,1-Trichloroethane 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane | 30 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,1,2-Trichloroethane | 3 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethane | 50 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloroethene | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,1-Dichloropropene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,2,3-Trichloropropane | 0.03 | < 1.6 | < 1.6 | | | | | |
| 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene | 9 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane | 0.02 | < 1.6 | < 1.6 | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dibromoethane 1,2-Dichlorobenzene | 0.03 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloroethane | 600 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,2-Dichloropropane | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,3-Dichlorobenzene | 600 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,3-Dichloropropane ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 1,4-Dichlorobenzene | 75 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 2,2-Dichloropropane ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| 2-Chlorotoluene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Acetone | 6,000 | < 1.6 | < 1.6 | | | | | |
| Benzene | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Bromobenzene ² | 100 | < 0.2 | < 0.2 | | | | | |
| Bromochloromethane ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Bromodichloromethane | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Bromoform | 4 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Carbon tetrachloride Chlorobenzene | 50 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Chlorodibromomethane | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Chloroethane ² | 5 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Chloroform | 70 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Cis-1,2-Dichloroethene | 70 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Cymene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Dichlorodifluoromethane | 1,000 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Ethyl benzene | 700 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Hexachlorobutadiene Isopropylbenzene | 700 | < 0.43 < 0.33 | < 0.43 < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Meta/Para Xylene | 1,000 | < 0.66 | < 0.66 | | | | | |
| Methyl bromide | 10 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Methyl butyl ketone ¹ | 300 | < 1.6 | < 1.6 | | | | | |
| Methyl chloride ² | 100 | 0.38 JB | 0.36 JB | | | | | |
| Methyl ethyl ketone | 300 | < 1.6 | < 1.6 | | | | | |
| Methyl isobutyl ketone ² | 100 | < 1.6 | < 1.6 | | | | | |
| Methyl Tertbutyl Ether | 70 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Methylene chloride | 3 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Naphthalene | 300 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| n-Butylbenzene Ortho Xylene | 100 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | < 0.33 < 0.33 | | | | | |
| p-Chlorotoluene ² | 1,000 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Propylbenzene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| sec-Butylbenzene ² Styrene | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Tert Butyl Alcohol | 100 | < 0.33 < 8.3 | < 0.33 < 8.3 | | | | | |
| tert-Butylbenzene ² | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Tetrachloroethene | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Toluene | 600 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Trans-1,2-Dichloroethene | 100 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Trichloroethene | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Trichlorofluoromethane | 2,000 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |
| Vinyl chloride Notes: | 1 | < 0.33 | < 0.33 | | | | | |

Chemical dectections are bolded.

Chemical result qualifiers are assigned by the laboratory and are evaluated and modified (if necessary) during the data validation.

 $J=estimated \ detected \ value \ due \ to \ a \ concetration \ below \ the \ reporting \ limit \ or \ due \ to \ discrepancies \ in \ meeting \ certain \ analyte-specific \ quality \ control.$

B = Compound detected in the sample at a concentration less than or equal to 5 times (10 times for common lab contaminants) the blank concentration. Chemical results greater than or equal to the action level (depending on criteria) are highlighted based on the Criteria that are present.

The NJ Ground Water Quality Criteria refers to the NJDEP Groundwater Quality Standards - Adopted July 22, 2010,

http://www.state.nj.us/dep/wms/bwqsa/docs/njac79C.pdf

Shaded results exceed the NJDEP Ground Water Quality Standard

¹ NJDEP Interim Specific GWQC values are presented for the NJ GWQS where there is not a Specific Ground Water Quality Criteria. A full list of compounds is available at (http://www.nj.gov/dep/wms/bwqsa/gwqs_interim_criteria_table.htm).

 $^{^2\,}NJDEP\,Interim\,Generic\,GWQC\,values\,are\,\,presented\,for\,the\,NJ\,GWQS\,where\,there\,is\,not\,a\,specific\,GWQC\,or\,a\,NJDEP\,Interim\,Specific\,GWQC.\,Available\,at\,\,(http://www.nj.gov/dep/wms/bwqsa/gwqs_interim_criteria_table.htm).$

ATTACHMENT A Previous Parcel 69 Correspondence



State of New Jersey

CHRIS CHRISTIE
Governor

KIM GUADAGNO Lt. Governor DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Bureau of Case Management
401 East State Street
P.O. Box 420/Mail Code 401-05F
Trenton, NJ 08625-0028
Phone #: 609-633-1455
Fax #: 609-633-1439

BOB MARTIN Commissioner

December 30, 2015

John Occhipinti BRAC Environmental Coordinator OACSIM – U.S. Army Fort Monmouth PO Box 148 Oceanport, NJ 07757

Re:

Revision 1 - Final Environmental Condition of Property Supplemental Phase II Site Investigation Work Plan Addendum for Parcels28, 38, 39, 49, 57, 61 and 69 dated November 2015

Fort Monmouth
Oceanport, Monmouth County
PI G000000032

Dear Mr. Occhipinti:

The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (Department) has completed review of the referenced report, received November 24, 2015, prepared by Parsons Government Services Inc. (Parsons), on behalf of the U.S. Army Engineering and Support Center, Huntsville (USAESCH). As indicated in the report, activities are to be performed with the goal of Decision Document acceptance in compliance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), the National Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 CFR Part 300, and "to the extent possible to meet the requirements of New Jersey Administrative Code (NJAC) 7:26E Technical Requirements for Site Remediation", as well as support closure of environmental sites to facilitate transfer of real property.

The workplan describes Site Investigation activities to be performed at the ECP Parcels as indicated above. The revised workplan has addressed many of the previously noted questions and issues.comments; remaining comments are as follows:

Parcel 28

Previous comments have been adequately addressed. Please note, however, although the Department of the Army may of course analyze ground water samples for both total and dissolved (filtered and unfiltered) concentrations of lead for its own purposes, this program accepts only unfiltered analytical results for consideration in decisions relative to case closure.

Parcel 38

The DEP's May 19, 2015 correspondence had indicated soil sampling was to be performed to depths of at least 36", with continuous sampling conducted in 6" increments. Although the proposal states sampling will be performed to a depth of 36 inches bgs, the proposal includes sampling only from the 0 to 0.5, 1.25 to 1.75 and 2.5 to 3.0 feet bgs. As the soils in the area have been re-worked, this is unacceptable; continuous sampling is required for adequate evaluation.

The monitor well locations as proposed are acceptable at this time. As above, however, this program does not accept filtered ground water analytical results.

Parcel 39

No additional comment.

Parcel 49

Although Section 1.9.4, and Response D1 of the November 19, 2015 correspondence accompanying the submittal generally reference only exceedances of the former NRDSCC, further review of the sampling performed during the 2007 Site Investigation indicate exceedances of the current RDCSRS at 11 locations (0-6" unless otherwise indicated) as below:

P49-SB1-C (5,5-6') – benzo(a)anthracene 0.73, benzo(a)pyrene 0.56, benzo(b)fluorene 0.75

P49-SB3 -A-PCBs 0.34; benzo(a)pyrene 0.44, benzo(b)fluorene 0.67

P49-SB4-A (6-12") - benzo(a)anthracene 2.5, benzo(a)pyrene 2.2, benzeno(b)fluorene 2.8

P49-SB5-A – benzo(a)pyrene 0.46

P49-SS7-A – PCBs 0.47; benzo(a)anthracene 80, benzo(a)pyrene 54, benzo(b)fluorene 75, benzo(k)fluorene 29, chrysene 79, dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 18

P49-SS8-A – PCBs 8.85; benzo(a)anthracene 3.6, benzo(a)pyrene 2.6, benzo(b)fluorene 3.9, benzo(k)fluorene 1.5, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 0.93

P49-SS9-A – benzo(a)anthracene 10.0, benzo(a)pyrene 9.8, benzo(b)fluorene 9.2, bkf 6.3, chrysene 10.0, dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.3, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 3.5

P49-SS10-A – benzo(a)pyrene 0.61, benzo(b)fluorene 0.96

P49-SS11-A – benzo(a)pyrene 0.31

P49-SS12-A – benzo(a)pyrene 0.36

P49-SS13-A – benzo(a)anthracene 0.81, benzo(a)pyrene 0.73, benzo(b)fluorene 1.2

All locations at this time are considered representative of contamination which, under the Technical Requirements for Site Remediation, must be addressed. Several of the above locations (underlined) are proposed for resampling, with step-out borings/sampling as needed. This is acceptable.

P49-SS13 has been identified in the Revised SIWP as containing an elevated level of PAHs attributable to DAP. This office does not agree. P49-SS10 through SS12 are in the area of P49-SS13, and also contain levels above applicable standard which is representative of contamination that must be addressed at this time. Benzo(a)anthracene is present at 0.81 ppm, benzo(a)pyrene from 0.31 to 0.81ppm, and benzo(b)fluorene from 0.96 to 1.2 ppm at these four locations. Additional sampling may of course be performed if it is believed the results are representative of asphalt "cross contamination".

Parcel 57

Section 1.9.5, line 38 references "PAHs detected in shallow soil can be attributed to anthropogenic sources such as asphalt, road base, and DAP versus onsite historical activities." Historic operations in this parcel also, of course, included coal storage and a railroad unloading area.

Page 1-24 line 12 discusses sampling performed in 2010 which were either non-detect or at concentrations below the RDCSRS; a review of the data indicated certain of the MDLs exceeded their respected RDCSRS.

As stated in prior correspondence, the Main Post Background Concentrations (MPBC), as with the CWBC, were never accepted by the DEP. Continued reference to the document or individual constituent "MPBC"s within a submittal will not be considered in evaluations. As previously specified, background determinations are made on an area specific basis.

Also, as above, filtered ground water analytical results as discussed on page 1-25 (and page 7 of the accompanying correspondence) are not accepted by the Department.

Parcel 61

As indicated in the May 2015 DEP correspondence, this office previously agreed no additional action was necessary. As detailed for the November conference call, no further documentation from this office is necessary.

Parcel 69

All comments addressed.

Please contact this office if you have any questions.

Sincerely, Sindu S. Kange

Linda S. Range

C: Joe Pearson, Calibre James Moore, USACE Rick Harrison, FMERA Joe Fallon, FMERA Frank Barricelli, RAB

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY



OFFICE OF ASSISTANT CHIEF OF STAFF FOR INSTALLATION MANAGEMENT U.S. ARMY FORT MONMOUTH P.O. 148 OCEANPORT, NEW JERSEY 07757

November 19, 2015

Ms. Linda Range New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Case Manager 401 East State Street, 5th Floor PO Box 420 Trenton, NJ 08625-0028

Subject: State of New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Comments on the

Final Environmental Condition of Property Supplemental Phase II Site Investigation Work Plan for Parcels 28, 38, 39, 49, 57, 61, and 69 dated February

2015 Fort Monmouth, Oceanport, Monmouth County.

PI # G000000032

Dear Ms. Range,

Fort Monmouth (FTMM) and Parsons have reviewed the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) comments on the Final Environmental Condition of Property Supplemental Phase II Site Investigation Work Plan for Parcels 28, 38, 39, 49, 57, 61, and 69 as documented in your letter dated May 19, 2015. Responses to your comments are provided below in the order in which they were presented in the comment letter.

A. ECP Parcel 28:

- A1. COMMENT: Page 1-15, Line 33 The arsenic noted at P28-SB3-C was considered representative of naturally occurring conditions due to site specific information for that particular area of concern, rather than relative to the "CWA Background Concentration" (CWBC) referenced on line 33 and the Weston Study alluded to throughout this and previous submittals, and the determination was made only for that area of concern. Although naturally occurring levels of various constituents may be present throughout various areas of the Fort, as this office has indicated (and the Army acknowledged), the background study previously performed for the property was not accepted by the Department as representative of background conditions for any constituent for any media at the site, and concentrations noted during that study should not be referenced as "background" concentrations for either the Charles Wood Area or the Main Post. Any determinations of naturally occurring conditions are to be made on an area specific basis, as previously discussed.
- **A1. RESPONSE:** Comment noted. The text referenced in the comment has been revised to in the Work Plan read: "The arsenic concentration at P28-SB3-C was considered representative of naturally occurring conditions due to site-specific information for this particular area of concern."

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 2 of 12

- **A2. COMMENT:** Page 1-16 Sediment Investigation Results References to the elevated levels of constituents found close to and beyond the property bounds, upgradient of Fort activities, are not included.
- **A2. RESPONSE:** A discussion of upstream sediment sampling data for Shrewsbury Creek reported in the Baseline Ecological Evaluation (BEE) report (with particular focus on chromium) has been added to Section 1.9.1. The BEE data described in the added text were collected at and immediately upstream of the western boundary of the CWA.
- **A3. COMMENT:** Sampling is not included in this workplan, as it was previously performed. This office awaits submittal of the findings of same.
- A3. RESPONSE: Additional data collected within Parcel 28 in July 2013 by FTMM were provided to the NJDEP in a Request for No Further Action (NFA) letter report dated June 4, 2015. Reference to this letter has been added to the first and last paragraphs of Section 1.9.1 of the Work Plan. The NFA was granted on September 22, 2015 for UST 2542-29, UST 2564-32, the former septic system and septic tank A, the former septic system east of Heliport Drive and South of Radiac Way, and the former septic system at the southeastern corner of Parcel 28 (NJDEP, 2015, provided in Appendix C). This work plan now includes the installation of a monitoring well located near the area where the high lead concentrations were found. A groundwater sample will be collected and analyzed for lead using low flow purging and sampling (LFPS) method, as requested by the NJDEP in the September 22, 2015 letter.

B. ECP Parcel 38:

- **B1. COMMENT:** In July of 2012, the Department of Army submitted a Proposed *Temporary Groundwater Sampling Plan for Parcel 38 Former Outdoor Pistol Range* (1940-1955). This office approved the proposal, which included the installation of seven ground water sampling locations, in August of 2012, however, the remedial efforts were apparently not performed. The proposal included in the February 2015 workplan includes the collection of 15 shallow soil borings and the installation of three monitor wells. The proposal cannot yet be approved.
- **B1. RESPONSE:** See responses to comments B2 and B3, which address the proposed soil and groundwater sampling plans, respectively.
- **B2. COMMENT:** Although the soil boring locations do appropriately incorporate that area noted as within the former firing range, the sampling depth is inadequate to evaluate the soil, particularly as the area has undergone alteration. As proposed, soil samples are to be collected from surface soils or the upper inches of soil beneath the pavement, however, soil sampling must also be performed to depths of at least 36", with continuous sampling conducted in 6" increments.
- **B2. RESPONSE:** Soil samples for visual observation and field PID screening will be obtained continuously from the ground surface to a depth of 36 inches bgs. In order to obtain vertical profiling data for target analytes, samples from 0 to 6 inches (0 to 0.5 feet) bgs, 15 to 21 inches (1.25 to 1.75 feet) bgs, and 30 to 36 inches (2.5 to 3.0 feet) bgs will be submitted to the laboratory for analysis. Analysis for TAL metals will be revised to target specific metals associated with firing ranges. Although lead is the primary risk driver, small arms firing ranges

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 3 of 12

may also contain antimony, copper, zinc, and arsenic (Interstate Technology Regulatory Council [ITRC], 2003). Therefore, the soil samples will only be analyzed for lead, antimony, copper, zinc, and arsenic. Section 3.2.1.2, Figure 1.5, and Tables 3.2 and 3.3 of the Work Plan have been updated to reflect the revised soil sampling plan.

ITRC. 2003. Characterization and Remediation of Soils at Closed Small Arms Firing Ranges. January. http://www.itrcweb.org/Guidance/GetDocument?documentID=93

- **B3. COMMENT:** The proposed monitor well locations are not adequate to evaluate impact by this area of concern. Proposed well locations FTMM-38-GW-MW01 and FTMM-38-GW-MW02 are acceptable. However, two additional recommended well locations have been added within the former firing range area to provide evaluation points within the potential source area, particularly as the soils have been reworked. The attached figure includes recommended well locations, designated by an "X".
- **B3.** RESPONSE: One additional monitoring well will be installed, and the locations of FTMM-38-GW-MW02 and FTMM-38-GW-MW03 will be revised to optimize the groundwater sampling plan. As shown on the revised Figure 1.5, the new well, FTMM-38-GW-MW04, will be installed adjacent to soil boring FTMM-38-SS02 to provide groundwater quality data within the hydraulically downgradient portion of the former firing range. FTMM-38-GW-MW02 will be moved approximately 15 feet farther east to provide two triangular arrays of wells (MW01/MW04/MW02 and MW02/MW03/MW04) to assess the site-specific groundwater flow Depending on whether the groundwater flow direction is more northerly or northeasterly (the two most likely possibilities given the proximity of the Parcel to Lafetra Creek), MW02 will either be cross-gradient (northerly flow direction) or downgradient (northeasterly flow direction) of the former firing range. Well FTMM-38-GW-MW03 will be moved to be hydraulically upgradient (south) of the former firing range to provide site-specific background data. As with soil samples (see response to comment B2), groundwater samples will be analyzed for specific metals typically associated with small arms firing ranges, including lead, arsenic, antimony, copper, and zinc, as opposed to the full list of TAL metals. Two samples will be collected from each well, including one sample with the pump intake positioned at the midpoint of the top 5 feet of saturated screen and one sample with the pump intake positioned at the midpoint of the bottom 5 feet of saturated screen, in accordance with NJDEP's Field Sampling Procedures Manual (August 2005). Section 3.2.1.2, Figure 1.5, and Tables 3.2 and 3.3 of the Work Plan have been updated to reflect the revised groundwater sampling plan.

C. ECP Parcel 39:

- **C. COMMENT:** No additional sampling is proposed; as referenced as anticipated on page 1-19, line 23, a request for designation of no further action for surface soil was submitted on May 11, 2015; review by this office is pending.
- **C. RESPONSE:** Comment noted. No changes to the Work Plan are proposed in response to this comment.

D. ECP Parcel 49:

D1. COMMENT: *Page 1-20* discusses various reasons for the possible presence of PAHs. As indicated in the Department's July 10, 2012 correspondence, although it was agreed elevated

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 4 of 12

levels of BN (more specifically PAH) constituents found at the parcel may possibly be related to asphaltic paving rather than a discharge, insufficient information had been provided, and the previously approved proposal for additional sampling remained appropriate at each location exhibiting an exceedance (that sampling has apparently not been performed). Nor do the reasons cited on page 1-20 explain the presence of PCBs above standard which were noted at two of the original five elevated PAH locations as well as a third location.

- **RESPONSE:** Section 3.2.1.3 of the Work Plan already specifies collection and analysis of additional soil samples for PAHs and PCBs to provide additional delineation. It is the Army's position that only PAHs attributable to a CERCLA release due to historical site activities will be investigated. Therefore a review of the PAH results for the five SI locations was conducted, and further discussion of this has been added to Section 1.9 of the work plan. One location, P49-SS13-A, was originally collected to investigate a fire which destroyed Building 293, and therefore was considered a potential source of a release of chemicals from Building 293. Only one PAH, benzo(a)pyrene, exceeded the then-current NRDSCC at an estimated (J flagged) concentration of 0.730 mg/kg compared to the then-current NRDSCC of 0.66 mg/kg. Other borings (P49-SS10 through -SS12) were drilled near P49-SS13A for the same reason and all contained PAHs at similar concentrations and were below the NRDSCC. There is no clear concentration gradient or source area, and the concentrations are low and located in surface soil adjacent to a roadway, therefore it is most likely the result of diffuse anthropogenic pollution (DAP). The work plan originally proposed for sampling at this location, and based on this analysis, this location has been eliminated. The other four locations will be re-sampled to confirm and if necessary delineated vertically, and step-out borings have been added where appropriate to delineate horizontally if the PAH concentrations are confirmed, and appear attributable to a release. The sampling approach on the other four locations has also been added to the work plan.
- **D2. COMMENT:** The proposal indicates the five locations noted in the 2008 SI as exhibiting historical PAH exceedances will be resampled to confirm the original data set. The sampling intervals are acceptable, however, please ensure sampling is performed in 6" increments. The sampling locations noted on Figure 1.7, however, do not all correlate to locations as noted on Figure 3.10-1 of the referenced 2008 SI. Specifically, original sampling locations P49-SB4 and P49-SS13 are not replicated by FTMM-49-SS-03 or FTMM-49-SS-01.
- **D2. RESPONSE:** Samples will be collected in 6-inch increments as requested. The following sentence has been added to Section 3.2.1.3: "*Each sample submitted to the laboratory for analysis will be representative of a 6-inch interval.*" The sample locations on Figure 1.7 have been revised as needed to be consistent with the locations shown on Figure 2.10-1 of the 2008 SI.
- **D3. COMMENT:** As regarding the resampling of the three locations exhibiting PCBs above standard, the proposal is acceptable for confirmation sampling and horizontal delineation, however, it does not appear to allow for the necessary vertical delineation?
- **D3. RESPONSE:** Because PCBs are only slightly soluble and adhere strongly to soil, they are anticipated to be primarily in surface soil, if present. However, in order to obtain vertical profiling data for PCBs in a cost-effective manner, samples from 0 to 6 inches (0 to 0.5 feet), 12

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 5 of 12

- to 18 inches (1.0 to 1.5 feet), and 24 to 30 inches (2.0 to 2.5 feet) below the asphalt and asphalt base material will be submitted to the laboratory. The surface soil samples (0-6 inches) will be analyzed first. If PCBs are detected, then the two deeper samples collected at that location will also be analyzed. If PCBs are not detected in the surface soil samples, the deeper samples collected at that location will not be analyzed. Section 3.2.1.3 has been updated to incorporate this revised sampling approach.
- **D4. COMMENT:** Groundwater: Page 1-21 Although it is possible the metals found in monitor wells are reflective of naturally occurring conditions in this area, the Department has not agreed the metals noted at Parcel 49 are representative of background conditions.
- **D4. RESPONSE:** Comment noted. The referenced work plan text is factually stating the conclusion presented in the SI Report (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008); therefore, the text was not revised. Future assessments of metal concentrations in groundwater will endeavor to provide more area-specific rationale for determination of whether metals are representative of background conditions.
- **D5. COMMENT:** As regarding the benzene and bromodichloromethane, the installation and sampling of the two permanent monitor wells as proposed is acceptable.
- **D5. RESPONSE:** Comment noted. Additional groundwater quality information for this area was obtained subsequent to preparation of this Work Plan. The 2008 SI Report identified benzene and bromodichloromethane as COCs for groundwater (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008). These contaminants were detected at concentrations only slightly above GWQS in only one groundwater sample each. Benzene and bromodichloromethane were not detected in additional groundwater samples collected from two temporary wells (49-TMP-1 and 49-TMP-2) installed by the U.S. Army in January 2010 at approximately the same locations as the two previous temporary wells installed in 2007; therefore, it appears that concentrations of these two VOCs had decreased to below GWQS subsequent to the December 2007 sampling event. However, the sample from one of the two wells (49-TMP-1, just north of Building 293) contained vinyl chloride and cis-1,2- dichloroethene at concentrations of 1.1 μg/L and 0.71 μg/L, respectively. There were no VOC detections in the sample from 49-TMP-2.

A third groundwater sample, designated TMP-1A, was collected from another temporary well installed north of Building 293 at the former location of TMP-1 in November 2010 and analyzed for VOCs. The only detection was cis-1,2-DCE at a concentration of 0.30 μ g/L below its GWQS of 70 μ g/L; VC was not detected. Based on the data collected in 2010, the two permanent monitoring wells proposed for installation north of Buildings 293 and 295 will not be installed. Benzene and bromodichloromethane were not detected in January 2010. Vinyl chloride (1.1 μ g/L) was only slightly above the GWQS (1.0 μ g/L) in January 2010, and this VOC was not detected in November 2010.

The new historical information has been added to Section 1.9.4, and Section 3 has been revised to omit installation of permanent monitoring wells.

D6. COMMENT: Finally, the January '07 ECP Report references Table 4.2-22 in the 1995 Weston SI, which indicates 0.68 ppm PCBs was noted in soil during sampling by a pole mounted transformer on the northwest side of Building 292. No information appears to have been submitted indicating this was addressed.

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 6 of 12

D6. RESPONSE: The following text has been added to Section 1.9.4: "During the SI performed by Weston (1995), soil samples for PCB analysis were collected beneath the former locations of pole-mounted transformers. One of the former transformers, designated MP-062, was located in Parcel 49 northwest of the northwest corner of Building 292. No visible oil stain was observed; however, the soil sample collected beneath this former transformer contained a PCB concentration of 0.68 mg/kg, which exceeded the then-current NJDEP cleanup criterion of 0.49 mg/kg. The sample was a composite of soil from three locations immediately below the transformer, each collected from 0 to 6 inches bgs."

The 2nd paragraph of Section 1.9.4 has been revised to include the following text: "Historical analytical data for Parcel 49 obtained during the 2007 SI (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008) is presented in **Appendix C** (Tables 3.10-3, 3.10-4, and 3.10-5) and summarized below. Additional analytical data obtained by the U.S. Army in 2010 is also provided in **Appendix C**, and PCB data for soil obtained by Weston (1995) is summarized below."

The preliminary conceptual site model for Parcel 49 described in Table 3.1 has been revised to include this PCB detection.

Section 3.2.1.3, Table 3.2, and Figure 1.7 have been updated to include collection of a soil sample for PCB analysis at this former transformer location. The updated vertical profiling approach described in the response to comment D3 will be used at this new location.

E. ECP Parcel 57:

Please note that the NJDEP approved the Supplemental SI investigation for Parcel 57 in their September 11, 2015 email based on the Army's September 9, 2015 email which described the proposed investigation. The Army requested this accelerated approval from the NJDEP because of the opportunity to transfer the parcel due to a recent prospective buyer interested in purchasing it from FMERA. The field work for the subsurface portion of the investigation was completed in October 2015 and the groundwater sampling is scheduled in November 2015.

- **E1. COMMENT:** *Page 1-23, line 35* It is believed the NJDEP letter referenced in this sentence is the March 29, 2012 letter which referred to naturally occurring background conditions determined to be present at Parcel 28. That determination was specific to Parcel 28 only. The Main Post Background Concentrations (MPBC), line 38, as with the CWBC, were not accepted; background determinations are made on an area specific basis. As indicated in the Department's August 23, 2012 letter, insufficient evidence has been provided to determine the metals found in the parcel's monitor wells are unrelated to activities conducted within the parcel. Were the metals (or materials containing the metals) ever handled, used or disposed of at this parcel? What investigation was conducted to allow for this determination? Additional information/technical rationale was (is) to be provided in support of the position that exceedences are reflective of naturally occurring conditions and sample turbidity, rather than a discharge.
- **E1. RESPONSE:** The groundwater samples collected during the 2007 SI (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008) were obtained from temporary monitoring wells installed in Geoprobe borings. Coal storage piles, such as were present in Parcel 57, are a potential source of metals contamination (http://www.epa.gov/cleanenergy/energy-and-you/affect/coal.html).

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 7 of 12

Documentation regarding additional groundwater sampling work performed at Parcel 57 by the Army in 2010 was obtained following preparation of the Work Plan. This 2010 sampling and how it impacts the proposed sampling at Parcel 57 are summarized below. A summary of sampling activities performed in 2010 and associated findings has been added to Section 1.9.5 of the Work Plan, and the relevant portions of Section 3 have been updated to describe the revised proposed sampling approach that takes the 2010 findings into account.

In March 2010 the Army collected additional groundwater samples from temporary monitoring points installed at three of the locations that previously exhibited metal concentrations exceeding GWQS during the 2007 SI (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008). The locations re-sampled in 2010 included:

- 2007 SI temporary well location P57-A-5 where six metals (Al, As, Be, Fe, Mn, and Na) exceeded the GWQC in 2007; the 2010 sample location was called P57-TMP-A5.
- 2007 SI temporary well location P57-A7 where seven metals (Al, As, Be, Cr, Fe, Pb, and Mn) exceeded the GWQC in 2007; the 2010 sample location was called P57-TMP-A7.
- 2007 SI temporary well location P57-A9 where eight metals (Al, As, Be, Cd, Co, Fe, Mn, and Ni) exceeded the GWQC in 2007; the 2010 sample location was called P57-TMP-A9.

Both unfiltered and filtered samples were collected from the temporary monitoring points in 2010 and analyzed for selected metals (beryllium and lead at P57-TMP-A5 and P57-TMP-A7; beryllium, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, and lead at P57-TMP-A9). Results are summarized below:

- P57-TMP-A5: Beryllium (2.85 μg/L) and lead (138 μg/L) in the unfiltered sample exceeded their GWQS of 1 μg/L and 5 μg/L, respectively. These metals were not detected in the filtered sample, and the field blank contained detectable concentrations of beryllium (8.09 μg/L) and Pb (37.3 μg/L).
- P57-TMP-A7: Beryllium (2.81 μ g/L) and lead (43.2 μ g/L) in the unfiltered sample exceeded their GWQS of 1 μ g/L and 5 μ g/L, respectively; these metals were not detected in the filtered sample.
- P57-TMP-A9: Cadmium (5.43 μ g/L) and lead (6.74 μ g/L) in the unfiltered sample exceeded their GWQS of 4 μ g/L and 5 μ g/L, respectively; concentrations in the filtered samples were either non-detect or detected at a level less than the GWQS.

Comparison of results for filtered and unfiltered samples indicates that exceedances of GWQS were caused by sample turbidity.

The Work Plan has been revised to add two new permanent monitoring wells in Parcel 57.

• One well was be installed at the location of former downgradient temporary wells P57-A9 (2007) and P57-TMP-A9 (2010), where concentrations of aluminum, arsenic, beryllium, cadmium, cobalt, manganese, and nickel exceeding then-current GWQC were detected during the 2007 SI (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008), and concentrations of cadmium and lead in an unfiltered temporary well sample exceeded the GWQS in 2010. The maximum concentrations of 7 of the 11 metals detected above their GWQS in 2007 were detected at this location.

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 8 of 12

• The second well was be installed at the location of former downgradient temporary wells P57-A7 (2007) and P57-TMP-A7 (2010), where aluminum, arsenic, beryllium, chromium, lead, and manganese were detected in excess of the then-current GWQC during the 2007 SI and beryllium and lead in an unfiltered temporary well sample exceeded the GWQS in 2010. The highest concentration of lead detected in 2007 and 2010 (829 µg/L) was detected at this location in 2007.

Following development, these two new wells will be sampled for TAL metals (total and dissolved) using low-flow, minimal-drawdown procedures to minimize turbidity. Two samples will be collected from each well, including one sample with the pump intake positioned at the midpoint of the top 5 feet of saturated screen and one sample with the pump intake positioned at the midpoint of the bottom 5 feet of saturated screen, in accordance with NJDEP's *Field Sampling Procedures Manual* (August 2005).

Numerous monitoring wells exist in the 800 Area upgradient of Parcel 57; these wells are clustered near Building 812 (site FTMM-64) and Building 866 (site FTMM-66). Twelve wells at FTMM-66 were sampled for TAL metals six to seven times from 2007 to 2011. Eight wells at FTMM-64 were sampled for TAL metals in 2010 and again in 2013 and/or 2014. If metal concentrations exceeding GWQS are detected in unfiltered samples from either of the two newly installed wells at Parcel 57, the existing upgradient metals data will be used to perform an area-specific background evaluation to determine whether metal concentrations in groundwater that exceed GWQS at Parcel 57 are representative of area-specific background conditions or impacts potentially related to the former coal storage areas.

E2. COMMENT: Section 3.2.1.4

- PCBs The proposal for PCB sampling is approved.
- PAHs The proposal for PAH sampling is approved, however, please ensure sampling is performed in 6" increments.
- **E2. RESPONSE:** Comment noted. Sampling was performed in 6" increments as requested. This information has been added to Section 3.2.1.4: Vertical delineation soil samples for contingent PCB analysis were also collected at the same time as the surface soil samples. The vertical delineation samples were held at the laboratory and analyzed only if PCBs were detected in the surface soil samples.
- **E3. COMMENT:** *Table 3.1 Location and Extent of Contamination* The table narrative indicates the SVOCs found in the soil samples are attributed to anthropogenic sources (e.g. asphalt). This has not yet been demonstrated to the Department, particularly as PCBs have been found in conjunction with the PAHs in two of those locations.
- **E3. RESPONSE:** The text in Table 3.1 has been revised to state: "Four SVOCs (all PAHs) were detected in soil samples collected within the parking lots at concentrations above regulatory standards."

Documentation regarding additional soil and groundwater sampling work performed at Parcel 57 by the Army in 2010-2011 was obtained following preparation of the Work Plan. This 2010 sampling and how it impacts the proposed sampling at Parcel 57 are summarized below. A

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 9 of 12

summary of sampling activities performed in 2010 and associated findings has been added to Section 1.9.5 of the Work Plan, and the relevant portions of Section 3 have been updated to describe the revised proposed sampling approach that takes the 2010-2011 findings into account.

In February 2010 the Army collected additional soil samples from soil borings advanced at two of the locations that previously exhibited elevated PAH concentrations during the 2007 SI (U.S. Army BRAC, 2008). The two 2010 locations included P57-A1-A (adjacent to 2007 boring P57-A1) and P57-C5-A (adjacent to 2007 boring P57-C5). At each location, soil samples were collected from 1.0-1.5' and 1.5-2.0' bgs. PAH concentrations in three of the four samples were either non-detect or detected at a concentration less than the RDCSRS; two PAHs in the fourth sample (P57-A1-A, 1.0-1.5') exceeded their RDCSRS and Impact to Groundwater standard, and a third PAH exceeded only the RDCSRS.

Due to the detection of PAH concentrations exceeding RDCSRS at a depth of 1.0-1.5' bgs at location P57-A1-A, five additional soil borings (P57-A1-A through P57-A1-E) were advanced to the water table in this immediate area in November 2010, and one soil sample was collected for laboratory analysis from the 6-inch interval immediately above the water table. No PAHs were detected in any of these deeper vertical extent samples. In December 2010 a monitoring well (800MW02) was installed to a depth of 20 feet bgs at P57-A1-A; the screen length was 15 feet. In February 2011 a groundwater sample was collected from this well and analyzed for VOCs+10, BN+15, and TAL metals. All VOCs and BNs were below GWQS; arsenic (4.1 μ g/L) was the only metal to exceed its GWQS (3 μ g/L). In addition, existing well 800MW01 was sampled in May 2010, with samples analyzed for VOCs+10 and BN+15; all analytical results were non-detect.

The sampling objectives identified in the Work Plan for PAHs now include 1) determine target PAH concentrations in surface soil samples from the 0- to 6-inch interval below the asphalt and asphalt base material, taking care not to introduce asphalt and/or road base into the samples, and 2) determine the vertical extent of target PAH contamination in soil. The soil sampling program for Parcel 57 that is outlined in Section 3.2.1.4, Tables 3.2 and 3.3, and Figure 1.8 of Work Plan has been modified based on the sampling performed in 2010:

• The PAH soil sampling location FTMM-57-SS-09, shown on Figure 1.8, is located adjacent to the 2007 SI soil sampling location P57-A1, which was resampled by the Army in 2010 (P57-A1-A). PAHs exceeding the RDCSRS were detected in the 2007 soil sample collected from 0.5-1.0 foot bgs and in the 2010 soil sample collected from 1.0 to 1.5 feet bgs. No RDCSRS exceedances were detected in the 2010 sample collected from 1.5 – 2.0 feet bgs or in multiple 2010 samples collected from just above the water table at nearby step-out locations. Therefore, vertical extent delineation at this location appears to have been achieved. A soil boring was be advanced at this location to a minimum depth of 2.0 feet bgs to 1) determine the thickness of asphalt and asphalt base material and 2) determine whether the soil samples collected in 2007 and 2010 (0.5 to 1.0, 1.0 to 1.5 and 1.5 to 2.0 feet bgs) meet the Supplemental SI soil sampling objectives described above. All materials encountered will be visually examined and described. If visual examination of subsurface materials indicate that the samples collected in 2007 and 2010 meet the objectives, then no additional sampling will be performed. If not, then soil

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 10 of 12

- samples representative of 6-inch increments will be collected as required to meet objectives and will be submitted to the laboratory for analysis of target PAHs.
- The PAH soil sampling location FTMM-57-SS-16, shown on Figure 1.8, is located adjacent to the 2007 soil sampling location P57-C5, which was resampled by the Army in 2010 (P57-C5-A). One PAH exceeded the NJDEP criterion in the 2007 sample from 0.5 to 1.0 feet bgs. No exceedances of RDCSRS for PAHs were detected in the 2010 samples from 1.0 to 1.5 feet and 1.5 to 2.0 feet bgs. Therefore, vertical extent delineation at this location appears to have been achieved. A soil boring will be advanced at this location to a minimum depth of 2.0 feet bgs to 1) determine the thickness of asphalt and asphalt base material and 2) determine whether the soil samples collected in 2007 and 2010 (0.5 to 1.0, 1.0 to 1.5 and 1.5 to 2.0 feet bgs) meet the Supplemental SI soil sampling objectives described above. All materials encountered will be visually examined and described. If visual examination of subsurface materials indicate that the samples collected in 2007 and 2010 meet the objectives, then no additional sampling will be performed. If not, then soil samples representative of 6-inch increments will be collected as required to meet objectives and submitted to the laboratory for analysis of target PAHs.

F. ECP Parcel 61:

- **F. COMMENT:** As indicated in the submittal, this office previously agreed no additional action was necessary.
- **F. RESPONSE:** Comment noted.

G. ECP Parcel 69:

- **G1. COMMENT:** Soil A review of the historic data revealed no analytical results for petroleum hydrocarbons, which has always been a required parameter for characterization of waste oil AOCs. Therefore, although PCB sampling at each location is acceptable, regulations specifically require sampling at each of the locations proposed for EPH analyses, with 25% of those samples with EPH detected further analyzed for parameters as per Table 2-1 of the Technical Requirements for Site Remediation (PCBs in this instance).
- **G1. RESPONSE:** All soil samples will be analyzed for EPH, with 25% of samples containing detectable concentrations of EPH also analyzed for PCBs, in accordance with the comment. All applicable portions of the Work Plan have been updated accordingly.

Documentation regarding additional soil sampling work performed at Parcel 69 by the Army in 2010 was obtained following preparation of the ECP Supplemental Phase II SI Work Plan. This additional sampling work and how it impacts the proposed scope of Phase II SI work are summarized below. A summary of sampling activities performed in 2010 and associated findings has been added to Section 1.9.7 of the Work Plan.

Three soil borings (P69GW-1A, P69GW-2, P69GW-3) were advanced to the water table in December 2010. Soil samples from P69GW-1A and P69GW-3 were collected from 11.5 to 12.0 feet bgs, just above the water table, and analyzed for PCE and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate. The sample from P69GW-2 was collected from 2.5 to 3.0 feet bgs and analyzed for PAHs and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate. All concentrations of target analytes in the soil samples were non-detect.

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 11 of 12

The 2010 soil sampling activities do not address the objective of the proposed soil sampling outlined in the ECP Work Plan (i.e., sample site soils for PCBs, and also for EPH as described earlier in this comment response). Therefore, there are no changes to the soil sampling program outlined in the Work Plan with the exception that the primary target analyte will be EPH, with PCBs being targeted in 25% of samples containing detectable concentrations of EPH, as described above.

- **G2. COMMENT:** Ground Water The PCE sampling, as proposed, is approved.
- **G2. RESPONSE:** Comment noted. Documentation regarding additional groundwater sampling work performed at Parcel 69 by the Army in 2010 was obtained following preparation of the Work Plan. This additional 2010 sampling and how it impacts the proposed sampling at Parcel 69 are summarized below. The 2010 information has been added to Section 1.9.7 of the Work Plan.

In January 2010, the Army installed a temporary 2-inch diameter, PVC monitoring well (P69-TMP-1) screened across the water table adjacent to 2007 location P69GW-1. The HydroPunch sample collected in 2007 contained PCE at a concentration of 1.02 μ g/L, and the purpose of the temporary well was to confirm the PCE concentration of 1.02 μ g/L detected in the groundwater. In January 2010, the temporary well was purged with a peristaltic pump, and a dedicated bailer was used to obtain a sample for VOC analysis. PCE was detected at a concentration of 0.34 μ g/L, and no other VOCs were detected.

To further delineate PCE concentrations in groundwater, and to obtain SVOC data, temporary monitoring wells were installed in three soil borings (P69GW-1A, P69GW-2, and P69GW-3). The well screens were installed across the water table. Groundwater samples were collected in December 2010 and analyzed for VOCs+10 (all three samples), SVOCs+TICs (P69GW-1A and P69GW-3), and PAHs (P69GW-2). PCE was detected in the sample from P69GW-2 at a concentration of 1.18 μ g/L, slightly above the GWQS of 1.0 μ g/L. No other VOCs were detected. There were no detections of SVOCs in the samples from P69GW-1A and P69GW-3, or PAHs in the sample from P69GW-2.

Groundwater samples collected in 2007 and 2010 indicate the presence of trace concentrations of PCE ranging from non-detect up to $1.18~\mu g/L$ in shallow groundwater at and near Building 900. However, none of the samples were collected from properly constructed and developed monitoring wells. Therefore, no changes to the groundwater sampling approach outlined in the ECP Work Plan are proposed. The proposed permanent monitoring well will be installed in the estimated worst-case area near the former waste oil UST.

- **G3. COMMENT:** *Table 3.1 Location and Extent of Contamination* The narrative indicates "COCs were not detected in soil...", however, the required analyses for PCBs has not yet been performed.
- **G3. RESPONSE:** The words "during the 2007 SI" have been added to the end of this sentence in Table 3.1 to clarify that it is referring to results of historical sampling.

Linda S. Range, NJDEP Response to NJDEP Comments on ECP Work Plan November 19, 2015 Page 12 of 12

Should you have any questions or require additional information, please contact me at (732) 383-5104 or by email at john.e.occhipinti.civ@mail.mil.

Regards,

John E. Occhipinti

Fort Monmouth Site Manager

cc:

James Moore, USACE Cris Grill, Parsons

ATTACHMENT B Soil Boring and Monitoring Well Logs

Page __1__ of __ (Soil Boring Log BORING/WELL ID: PAR-69-58-61 **CLIENT: USACE** INSPECTOR: (W DRILLER: JOE BARNAK PROJECT NAME: FTMM - ECP LOCATION DESCRIPTION WEATHER: 65° F PROJECT LOCATION: FTMM Parcel Parcel 69 PROJECT NUMBER: 748810-CONTRACTOR: East Coast Drilling, Inc. (ECDI) **GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS** RIG TYPE: Geoprobe(R),7822DT LOCATION PLAN 1320 DATE/TIME START: 3/31/16 Oceanport, New Jersey DATE/TIME FINISH: 3/31/16 1330 WATER LEVEL: DATE: WEIGHT OF HAMMER: N/A TIME: DROP OF HAMMER: N/A MEAS. FROM: TYPE OF HAMMER: N/A SAMPLE DEPTH BLOWS ADV/ PID FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL STRATA COMMENTS per 6" (feet) (mgg) Asphult 0 3-6" F gravel, trace Mc SAND, Asphilt milligs 1345 0.5-6-31" moist, orange, loase, MC SAND, little & grand, 111 2 true gilt 3 0 0-16" No recovery 5 16"-3(" Motot, orange, lowse, MC, SAND, Little F gravel, truce 7: It 36". 39" Saturated, SAA 6 IT 7 19.54" setunted, light Brown, w/ 19ht gry mothing, m. Dense, f savo and silt, little clay 1350 7.58 8 10 Remarks: Consistency vs. Blowcount / Foot S - Split-Spoon U -- Undisturbed Tube Granular (Sand & Gravel) and - 35 -50% Fine Grained (Sift & Clay) 30-50 V. Loose: 0-4 Loose: 4-10 Dense: some - 20-35% C -- Rock Core A -- Auger Cuttings V. Dense: >50 Soft: 2-4 V. Stiff: 15-30 little - 10-20% M. Dense: 10-30 M. Stiff: 4-8 trace - <10%

All this is a fact to a read to a majorities of the

DADSONS

PARSONS Soil Boring Log BORINGWELL ID: PAF-69-413-03 INSPECTOR: C. WE FORD

DRILLER: TUE BARNAK CLIENT: USACE PROJECT NAME: FTMM - ECP LOCATION DESCRIPTION Percel 69 PROJECT LOCATION: FTMM Parcel PROJECT NUMBER: 748810-CONTRACTOR: East Coast Drilling, Inc. (ECDI) **GROUNDWATER OBSERVATIONS** RIG TYPE: Geoprobe(R) 7822DT OCATION PLAN 1500 DATE/TIME START: Oceanport, New Jersey DATE/TIME FINISH: 3 1515 WATER LEVEL: DATE: WEIGHT OF HAMMER: NA TIME: DROP OF HAMMER: N/A MEAS. FROM: TYPE OF HAMMER: N/A DEPTH SAMPLE BLOWS ADV/ FIELD IDENTIFICATION OF MATERIAL STRATA COMMENTS (feet) per 6" REC. (ppm) 0 O-3 Asphilt 3-6" F govel, Asphult millings 6-37" moist, m. purse, light Brown NEF SAND, From silt, 37-60" NR 1500 0,5-10 III 0-5" moist, m. sene, Bown, mf SAND, sue silt 5-5,5 A 5"-18" Saturated, SAA TIT 18"-24" Satuated, orange, loose
mc sano, little f
gravel wet, light Brown,
w/ light gry and light
orange mothling,
m. sliff, F 3ANO
and silt, little clay Remarks: Sample Types Consistency vs. Blowcount / Foot S -- Split-Spoon Fine Grained (Six & Clay) U -- Undisturbed Tube V. Soft <2 Stiff: 8-15 some - 20-35% C -- Rock Core Soft 2-4 little - 10-20% - Auger Cuttings M. Stiff: 4-8 Hard: > 30

molsture, density, color, gradation

| Well Construction De | etail (Single Ca | ased - | Road Box) |
|--|--------------------------|---------------|------------------------------------|
| Client: USACE | | | |
| Well ID: PAP-69-MW-01 | NJBWA Permit No | | |
| Well ID: くみく〜〜〜〜〜〜〜〜〜〜〜〜 Date Well Installed: アノるハーし | Location: Prod | . 69 | |
| | | | Depth Below Ground Surface (ft) |
| Ground Surface | | N. | 0.0 |
| The state of the s | Top of Well Casing | ft | |
| Grout — | Top of Grout | | 1 |
| Fine Sand ———— | Top of Fine Sand | | , |
| Type/Size: | | | |
| Well Riser | Top of Sand Pack | 15 11 | 6 |
| Diameter: ん Material: ゃくし | | | |
| | Top of Screen | | 3 |
| Sand Pack Type: | | | |
| | Bottom of Screen | | 18 |
| Sump — | Bottom of Sump | | |
| | Bottom of Borehole | | |
| inches | Top of Confining Unit (i | f present): _ | |

ATTACHMENT C PAR-69-GW-MW01 Monitoring Well Forms

New Jersey State Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Water Allocation and Well Permitting Mail Code 401-04Q PO BOX 420 Trenton, NJ 08625-0420 Tel: 609-984-6831

Well Permit Number E201602884

WELL PERMIT

New Well

| The New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection grants accompanying same application, and applicable laws and regula enumerated in the supporting documents which are agreed to by | tions. This permit is also subject to further conditions and stipulations |
|---|---|
| Certifying Driller: JAMES W DUFFY, MASTER LICE | NSE # 0001581 |
| Permit Issued to: EAST COAST DRILLING, INC. | |
| Company Address: 1256 N CHURCH ST MOORESTC | WN, NJ 08057 |
| PROPERTY OWNER | |
| Name: US GOV | |
| Organization: US Gov | |
| Address: US Army Seli EH-E | |
| City: Fort Monmouth State: New Jers | ey Zip Code: 07703 |
| PROPOSED WELL LOCATION Facility Name: Fort Monmouth - Parcel 69 Address: Main Street County: Monmouth Municipality: Occanport Boro Easting (X): 621779 Northing (Y): 538917 Coordinate System: NJ State Plane (NAD83) - USFEET | Lot: 2 Block: 110 Local ID: PAR-69-GW-MW-01 |
| SITE CHARACTERISTICS | |
| PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION | |
| WELL USE: MONITORING | Other Use(s): |
| Diameter (in.): 2 | Regulatory Program Requiring Wells/Borings: |
| Depth (ft.): 25 | Case ID Number: |
| Pump Capacity (gpm): 0 | Deviation Requested: N |
| Drilling Method: Hollow Stem Augers | |
| Attachments: | |

| SPECIFIC CONDITIONS/REQUIREMENTS | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| | |

Approval Date: March 16, 2016 Expiration Date: March 16, 2017 Approved by the authority of: Bob Martin Commissioner

Well Permit -- Page 1 of 2

Jerry D. Planski

Bureau of Water Allocation and Well Permitting

New Jersey State Department of Environmental Protection Bureau of Water Allocation and Well Permitting Mail Code 401-04Q PO BOX 420 Trenton, NJ 08625-0420 Tel: 609-984-6831

Well Permit Number E201602884

| MONITORING WELL RECORD | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| PROPERTY | OWNER: _ | US GOV | | | | | | | | | |
| Company/Or | ganization: _U | JS Gov | | | 7 | | | | | | |
| Address: U | S Army Seli E | EH-E Fort Mon | mouth, New Jer | sey 07703 | CANADA II. III. III. III. III. III. III. II | | | | | | |
| WELL LOCATION: Fort Monmouth - Parcel 69 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Address: Main Street | | | | | | | | | | | |
| County: Mo | onmouth | Municipalit | y: Oceanport E | 3 oro | Lot: 2 | Block: 110 | | | | | |
| Easting (X): 621779 Northing (Y): 538914 DATE WELL STARTED: March 31, 2016 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Coordinate System: NJ State Plane (NAD83) - USFEET DATE WELL COMPLETED: March 31, 2016 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WELL USE: MONITORING | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Other Use(s) | : | | - Maria Maria Maria Maria | | Local ID: PAF | t-69-GW-MW-01 | | | | | |
| WELL CON | STRUCTION | V | | | | | | | | | |
| WELL CONSTRUCTION Total Depth Drilled (ft.): 18 Finished Well Depth (ft.): 18 Well Surface: Flush Mount | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Depth to Top (ft.) | Depth to Bottom (ft.) | Diameter (inches) | Material | | Screen # Used ch no.) | | | | | |
| Borehole | 0 | 18 | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| Casing | 0 | 8 | 2 | | PVC | Sc | h 40 | | | | |
| Screen | 8 | 18 | 2 | The second secon | PVC | | 010 | | | | |
| | Depth to | Depth to | Outer | Inner | | Material | | | | | |
| r <u>-</u> | Top (ft.) | Bottom (ft.) | Diameter (in.) | Diameter (in) | Bentonite (lbs.) | Neat Cement (lbs.) | Water (gal.) | | | | |
| Grout Peak | 6 | 6 18 | 8 | 2 2 | 7.5 | 141 #0 | 12 | | | | |
| Gravel Pack | | | | | U' - X 0 - 1 - 17 - U - | | | | | | |
| ADDITIONA Protective Cas Static Water L | AL INFORMA sing: Yes Level: 8 ft. be Measure Tool: ment Period: velopment: Pu | clow land surface M-Scope 1 hrs. | | Pur Tot Dri Dri | Iling Method: Hollo np Capacity: gpm al Design Head: ft. Iling Fluid: Il Rig: 7822DT alth and Safety Plan S | | | | | | |
| GEOLOGIC | | | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | little or no fines | | | | | | |
| 33900 See C. C. See C. | | | nds and gravelly | sands, intle or | no lines | | | | | | |
| ADDITIONA | L INFORMA | ATION: | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

Record -- Page 1 of 1

Company: EAST COAST DRILLING, INC.

Joseph Barnak,

Driller of Record: MONITORING LICENSE # 534717



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Site Remediation Program

MONITORING WELL CERTIFICATION FORM A - AS-BUILT CERTIFICATION

Date Stamp

| | (For Department use only) |
|--|---------------------------|
| SECTION A. SITE NAME AND LOCATION | |
| Site Name: Fort Monmouth - Parcel 69 | 100000g. |
| List all AKAs: | |
| Street Address: Main Street | |
| | ip, Borough or City) |
| The control of the co | 9: 07757 |
| Program Interest (PI) Number(s): Case Tra | acking Number(s): |
| SECTION B. WELL OWNER AND LOCATION | |
| Name of Well Owner US Gov | |
| Well Location (Street Address) Main Street | |
| Well Location (Municipal Block and Lot) Block# 110 | Lot # 2 |
| SECTION C. WELL LOCATION SPECIFICS | |
| 1. Well Permit Number (This number must be permanently affixed to the well c | asing): E201602884 |
| Site Well Number as shown on application or plans): | PAR-69-GW-MW-01 |
| 3. Well Completion Date: | 3/31/2016 |
| 4. Distance from Top of Casing (cap off) to ground surface (nearest 0.01'): | 0.00 |
| 5. Total Depth of Well to the nearest ½ foot: | 18 |
| 6. Depth to Top of Screen (or top of open hole) from top of casing (nearest 0.0 | 1'): |
| 7. Screen Length (or length of open hole) in feet: | 10 |
| 8. Screen or Slot Size: | .010 |
| 9. Screen or Slot Material: | Sch. 40 PVC |
| 10. Casing Material (PVC, steel, or other – specify): | Sch. 40 PVC |
| 11. Casing Diameter (inches): | 2 |
| 12. Static Water Level from top of casing at the time of installation (nearest 0.01) |): 8.00 |
| 13. Yield (gallons per minute): | 1 |
| 14. Development Techinque (specify): | Pump |
| 15. Length of Time well is developed/pumped or bailed (hours and minutes): | 1 Hour 00 Minutes |



New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection Site Remediation Program

Monitoring Well Certification Form B - Location Certification

Date Stamp
(For Department use only)

| | | | (For Department use only) |
|---|------------------|--|--|
| SECTION A. SITE NAME AND LOCATION | | | |
| Site Name: Fort Monmouth | | | Annual Control of the |
| List all AKAs: FTMM | | | |
| Street Address: OACSIM - U.S. Army Fort Monmout | h, PO Box 1 | 148 | |
| Municipality: Oceanport | | (Township, Borough or City) | |
| County: Monmouth | Zip Code: 07757 | | |
| Program Interest (PI) Number(s): G000000032 | | Case Tracking Number(s): | |
| SECTION B. WELL OWNER AND LOCATION | | The block of the b | |
| Name of Well Owner US Army (Fort Monmouth) | | | |
| Well Location (Street Address) Main Street | | | |
| Well Location (Municipal Block and Lot) Block | ock# 110 | Lot # 2 | |
| SECTION C. WELL LOCATION SPECIFICS | | A STATE OF THE STA | |
| Well Permit Number (This number must be perman | ently affixed | d to the well casing); E201602884 | |
| 2. Site Well Number (As shown on application or plans | 74 | | |
| 3. Geographic Coordinate NAD 83 to nearest 1/100 of | | | |
| Latitude: North 40° 18' 43.29" | | Longitude: West 74° 02' 06.18' | |
| 4. New Jersey State Plane Coordinates NAD 83 datur | n, US surve | | |
| North 538914 | | East 621779 | |
| 5. Elevation of Top of Inner Casing (cap off) at referen | ice mark (n | earest 0.01'): 15.26 | |
| Elevation Top of Outer casing: 15.55 | Elevat | ion of ground: 15.55 | |
| Check one: NAVD 88 □ NVGD29 □ 0 | On Site Date | um | |
| Source of elevation datum (benchmark, number/dee here, assume datum of 100', and give approximated | | | atum is used, identify |
| GPS Observation | | | |
| 7. Significant observations and notes: | | | |
| 7. Olganical and the control and the control | | | |
| | | | |
| SECTION D. LAND SURVEYOR'S CERTIFICATION | | SEAL | |
| I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examine | ed and am fa | | |
| information submitted in this document and all attachments those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the | | | |
| submitted information is true, accurate and complete. I am | aware that | there are significant | |
| penalties for submitting false information including the post | sibility of fine | e and imprisonment. | ave to |
| Professional Land Surveyor's Signature: | | | Date |
| Surveyor's Name: Kenny L. Kennon | | License Number | |
| Firm Name: Kennon Surveying Services, Inc. | | Certificate of Authorization # | 27944900 |
| Mailing Address 5 Powder Horn Drive, Suite 4 | | | |
| City/Town: Warren | _ State | New Jersey Zip (| Code: 07059 |
| Phone Number 732-564-1818 | Ext.: | Fax: | |

ATTACHMENT D Low Flow Purge and Sampling Records

| | LOW FLOW PURGE AND SAMPLING (LFPS) RECORD - GROUNDWATER | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|----------|--|----------------|-------------|---|------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|--|--|------------|----------------|--|-----------|
| PARSONS | > | | | | CLIENT: | | | | . | | | | | PAR-69 | -/-()- | M17-07 |
| PF | tOJE(| T: | Fort Monmou | uth ECP and Ul | HOT Groundw | ater Sampling | * | | | WE | LL PERMIT #: | | | 166 | . 600 | (1W-0) |
| ADC # (AREA): POTCEL G | | | | | | | | | | ,,, | | Z/Bul | 16 | | | |
| | | | | | **** | | | | | SAM | ************************************* | Contract of the Contract of th | | | | |
| SCREENED INTERVAL (TOC): サーソタ WELL DIAMETER (In.) | | | | | | | | | | | PLING PERSO | | 2.0 | 705_ | | |
| BOREHOLE DIAMETER | R FAC | TO | RS | | | pm | | | | L. | | | | | | |
| DIAMETER (INCHES); GALLONS/FOOT: | ******* | | 1 0.041 | 1.5 0.092 | 2 0.163 | 3 0.367 | 4 0.654 | 5 1.02 | 6 1,47 | 7 2 | 8 2.61 | 9 3.3 | 10 5.87 | | | |
| WELL HEAD VOC CON | CENT | ra' | TION (ppm): ? | ව.6 | | | | | | REEN (ft); (C | Line of the second | 3.0 | 3,01 | | Control of the Contro | |
| WELL DEPTH (TOC): 1 | | | | | | | | | | E PUMP INSTA | | elow TOC): 👸 | 05 | | | |
| FEET OF WATER IN W | ELL (f | ft): | 11.75 | | | | | | | elow TOC): 1 | | 1 977 A. T. C. | | | | |
| | | 1 | | | | | PUI | RGING AND | SAMPLING | | | | | | | |
| | PURGING | SAMPLING | W. 1907 | ж | | SPECIFIC CONDUCTIVITY REDOX POTENTIAL DISSOLVED | | | D OXYGEN TURBIDITY | | | TEMPERATURE | | PUMPING | DEPTH TO WATER | |
| TIME | PURC | SAME | (pH t READING | units) | (mS | CHANGE* | READING | CHANGE* | (mg | g/L) CHANGE* | (NTU) READING CHANGE* | | | egrees C) RATE | | (ft below |
| 1505 | X | | 0.88 | NA | 0.642 | NA NA | 172.5 | NA | 235 | NA | 10,9 | NA NA | READING | CHANGE* | (ml/mln) 200 | 6. 11 |
| 1530 | X | | 4.73 | 0.15 | | 0.006 | 182.5 | 10.01 | 1,59 | 0.76 | 63,7 | 38.7 | 17.15 | 0,38 | 900 | 6,4 |
| 1535 | X | | 4.73 | | | | 156,4 | 3.4 | 1,31 | 0.38 | 8810 | | 16,77 | 0.78 | | 6.11 |
| 1540 | X | \dashv | | 0.04 | | | 18810 | 1.6 | 1.55 | 0.34 | 110 | 39.0 | | | 300 | 6.11 |
| 1545 | X | - | | | | 0.017 | 189.0 | 4.0 | | | | | 16.66 | 0.11 | 900 | <u> </u> |
| 1550 | X | - | | | | | | 0.3 | 1.77 | 0.99 | 53.8 | 36.8 | 1650 | 0.11 | 300 | 6.11 |
| 1555 | X | - | | 500 | 0.596 | | 189.3 | | 1.91 | 0,14 | 61.1 | 1,66 | | | 200 | 6.11 |
| | ++ | \dashv | | | | 0.013 | | 6.7 | 000 | 0.31 | 31.0 | 30.1 | 16.60 | .070 | 300 | 6.11 |
| 1600 | X | | | 100 | 695 | 0,010 | | 7/2 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / | 1 | | 9.31 | | | o.0° | | 6.11 |
| 1605 | X | - | | | | 0,033 | | | | | | 0.51 | | 0.05 | COC | 611 |
| 1610 | | X | 4.93 | 0.00 | 0.566 | 0,010 | 186.8 | 0.3 | 2.38 | 0.03 | 5.38 | 0.32 | 16.35 | lico | 200 | 6,11 |
| 1 | Ш | | | | 788.7780 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Neo | | | 1538000000000000000000000000000000000000 | | | | | | | | | ********* | | | ** | |
| *Indicator readings have | -4-27 | | | | 20.1 | | | | | | | 0 M 0 A 0 | | | | |

| | *************************************** | LOW FLOW P | JRGE AND SAM | IPLING | (LFPS) RECORD - GROUNDWATER |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| PARSONS | | CLIENT: | | 7 | WELL#: PAR-69-6W-YW-01 |
| | | | | | |
| SAMPLING DEVICE: QET |) Sample Pro | | SA | MPLING INF - | ORMATION |
| SAMPLE NAME (ID): 94 | 1-69-GW. | -YW-01-1015 3 | · . | <u>~</u> ≅ | |
| SAMPLE PARAMETER | TIME | CONTAINER | COLOR | TURBIDITY | COMMENTS |
| VOC> 4716 | 1610 | 3) 46 m/ 401 | deve | 8.38 | |
| | | | | | |
| | * | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | , | | 1 | |
| | | * | ************************************** | | |
| | | | | | |
| QAIQC SAMPLES: DUPLICATE SAMPLE COLLE | ECTED: YES | or NO | - well | id sampling (| comments: propor of blader pump strage GAC ector @ 1610 when some interval of (2) |
| DUPLICATE SAMPLE NAME | (ID <u>):</u> | | -san | uple call | ed @ 1610 |
| MS/MSD SAMPLE COLLECT | ED: YES or | NO | -15+ | sortion | ated social interval of (2) |
| MS / MSD SAMPLE NAME (II | D): | | | | |
| INVESTIGATION DERIVED V | WASTE (IDW): | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | 15. |
| | Date: | | | | |
| Volume Tr | ansfered to Drum; | | | | |
| | Drum Number | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|----------|------------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------------|---|------------------------|----------------|----------------|------------|--|----------------------------|--------|
| The second supplies and the second supplies are supplies are supplies and the second supplies are supplies are supplies and the second supplies are supplies are supplies are supplies are supplies are supplies and the second supplies are | /= | | | LOW F | LOW P | JRGE A | ND SAM | IPLING | (LFPS) F | RECORD | - GRO | JNDWA | TER | | | |
| PARSONS | 5 | | | | CLIENT: | USACE | | | | WELL#: PAR-69-6W-MW-01 | | | | | | |
| PF | OJE | CT: | Fort Monmou | th ECP and UF | IOT Groundw | ater Sampling | | | | WELL PERMIT #: | | | | | | |
| AOC#(AREA): Parcel 69 | | | | | | | | | | | DATE: | E/W/16 | | | | |
| SCREENED INTERVAL (TOC): 4-14 | | | | | | | | | | SAMI | | / | Delaiz | <i>7</i> 05 | | |
| WELL DIAME | ΓER (| (in.) | 9 | | | 10 | | | 12 30 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - | | PLING PERSO | | | | | ****** |
| BOREHOLE DIAMETE DIAMETER (INCHES): GALLONS/FOOT: | R FAC | стоі | RS 1 0.041 | 1.5 0.092 | 2 0.163 | 3 0,367 | 4 0.654 | 5 1,02 | 6 1.47 | 7 2 | 8 2,61 | 9 3.3 | 10 5.87 | *************************************** | | |
| WELL HEAD VOC CON | WELL HEAD VOC CONCENTRATION (ppm): O FEET OF SATURATED SCREEN (ft): \O O O | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| WELL DEPTH (TOC): 15,000 DEPTH TO WATER BEFORE PUMP INSTALLATION (16 below TOC): 6.05 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| FEET OF WATER IN W | ELL (| (ft): \ | 1,45 | | | | | | | elow TOC): 15 | 5.5 | | | 2/ | | |
| | | | | | - | | PUI | RGING AND | SAMPLING | | | | | | | |
| | PURGING | SAMPLING | 3 0 | н | SPECIFIC CO | NDUCTIVITY | REDOX P | POTENTIAL DISSOLVED O | | O OXYGEN TURBIDITY | | TEMPERATURE | | PUMPING | DEPTH TO WATER | |
| TIME | PURG | SAMP | (pH i | units) | (mS READING | /cm) CHANGE* | (m READING | CHANGE* | (me | g/L) CHANGE* | (NT READING | (U) CHANGE* | (degri | ees C) | (ft below (ml/min) TOC) | |
| 16.20 | X | | 4.88 | NA | 0.603 | NA | 187.3 | NA | 235 | NA | 304 | NA | 16.03 | NA | 200 | 6.11 |
| 1695 | X | | 4.88 | 0.00 | 0-603 | \$-000° | 158.1 | 0,9 | 254 | 0.19 | 969 | 58 | 15.86 | 0.17 | 300 | 6.11 |
| 1630 | X | | 4.91 | 0.03 | 0.576 | 0.635 | 187.3 | 0.8 | かりん | 0.30 | 336 | ∂G. | 1500 | 0.36 | 200 | 611 |
| 1635 | X | | 4.98 | 0,07 | 642.0 | 0.016 | 186.8 | 6.5 | 2.87 | 0.13 | 146 | QP | 14.83 | 0.28 | 300 | 6.11 |
| 1640 | X | | 5104 | 20,0 | 0.563 | G. OL | 185.6 | 119 | 3,99 | Ø119 | 136 | 10 | 15.10 | 0.13 | 500 | 6.11 |
| 1645 | X | | 5.11 | 8.07 | 0.557 | 0.011 | 184.7 | 1.4 | 3.06 | 0.07 | 847 | 513 | 15208 | 0.09 | 500 | 611 |
| 1650 | X | | 5.13 | 0.09 | 0.551 | 0.001 | 183.7 | 0,5 | 3.04 | 0.0> | 68.3 | 16.4 | 15.09 | 0.01 | 500 | 6.11 |
| 1655 | X | | 5,3 | 0.00 | 0,549 | 600.0 | 183,1 | 0.6 | 3,03 | 0.01 | ¥.6 | 53.7 | 15:07 | 60.0 | 500 | 6.11 |
| 1700 | X | | 5.4 | 0-01 | B.548 | o′∞/ | 182.7 | 0.4 | 3,03 | ₽.00 | 7.38 | 7.32 | 15.06 | 001 | 200 | 611 |
| 1700 | X | ê | 613 | 0.01 | 0.548 | 6.000 | 1623 | 0.4 | 3.0) | 0.01 | 7.01 | 0001 | 15.06 | 0.00 | 500 | 6.11 |
| 1710 | | X | 5.14 | 0.01 | 0.550 | 0,00 | 150.4 | 0.1 | 3.00 | 0.07 | 644 | 0.57 | | 0.03 | 500 | 6.11 |
| | | | | | | V | | OF CONTRACTOR | = | | | | | 8 | | |

Indicator readings have stabilized when 3 consecutive readings are within: +/- 0.1 for pH; =+/- 3% for Specific Conductivity and Temperature; +/- 10 mv for Redox Potential; and +/- 10% for Dissolved Oxygen and Turbidity

| LOW FLOW PURGE AND SAMPLING (LFPS) RECORD - GROUNDWATER | | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|-------|-----------|------------------------|
| PARSONS | | CLIENT: | | | WELL#: PA(-69-6W-7W-0) |
| SAMPLING INFORMATION | | | | | |
| SAMPLING DEVICE: QE | D Sample Pro | | | _ | |
| SAMPLE NAME (ID): | 1AR-69-6 | W-MW-01-15.5 | | _ | |
| SAMPLE PARAMETER | TIME | CONTAINER | COLOR | TURBIDITY | COMMENTS |
| VOCS +TIC; | 1710 | (3)×40ml 0/401 | clear | 6.44 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 4 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Section value value of the section o | | | | |
| 127 | | • | | | |
| QAIQC SAMPLES: PURGING AND SAMPLING COMMENTS: | | | | | |
| DUPLICATE SAMPLE COLLECTED: YES OF NO PURGING AND SAMPLING COMMENTS: - well waster purger of deadler pump through GAC - sample collected: YES OF NO - Salvanter Screen independent of (1) | | | | | |
| DUPLICATE SAMPLE NAME (ID): - sample collected @ 1710 | | | | | |
| MS/MSD SAMPLE COLLECTED: YES Or (NO) - In solvented screen inderval & (2) | | | | | |
| MS / MSD SAMPLE NAME (ID): | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| INVESTIGATION DERIVED WASTE (IDW): | | | | | |
| | ə: | | | | |
| Volume Transfered to Drum: | | | | | |
| Drum Number: | | | | | |
| | | | | | |